



INSTALLATION MANUAL



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1.DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY



The installation, handling and use of Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic Crystalline modules are beyond company control. Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic does not assume any responsibility for loss, damage, injury or expense resulting from the improper installation, handling, use or maintenance.

Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic assumes no responsibility for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties that may result from use of the module. No license is granted by implication or under any patent or patent rights.

Specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

2.SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Potentially lethal DC voltages can be generated whenever PV Modules are exposed to a light source therefore, avoid contact with electrically active parts and be sure to isolate live circuits before attempting to make or break any connections.
- Only authorized and trained personnel should have access or perform work on the modules or solar system.
- When working on electrical connections, remove all metallic jewelry, use properly insulated tools and wear appropriate personal protective equipment to reduce the risk of electric shock.
- Do NOT stand or step on, damage or scratch the front or backside surfaces of the module.
- Broken modules cannot be repaired and contact with any module surface or frame can lead to electrical shock. Do NOT use a module with broken glass or torn substrate.
- Do NOT disassemble the modules or remove any part of the module.
- Protect the electrical plug contacts against corrosion and soiling. Make sure that all connectors are corrosion free and clean before making the connection.
- Do NOT install or handle modules when they are wet or during periods of high wind.
- Ensure sure that all connections are securely made with no gap between the contacts. Any gap can result in electrical arcing that can cause a fire hazard and/or an electric shock.
- Make sure that the polarity of each module or a string is not reversed considering the rest of the modules or strings.

Do NOT artificially concentrate sunlight on these solar modules.

- Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic modules are certified for operating in Class A installations at voltages below 1500Vdc. This maximum voltage should not be exceeded at any time and, as the voltage of the module increases, above data sheet values, at operating temperatures below 25°C, then these need to be taken into account when designing a PV system.
- Do NOT use water to extinguish fires of an electrical origin.
- Under normal conditions, a solar photovoltaic module is likely to produce more current and /or



voltage than reported under standard test conditions. Accordingly, the value of Isc marked on this module should be multiplied by a factor of 1.25 when determining the conductor current ratings, fuse sizes and size of controls connected to the SPV output.

3.UNPACKING AND STORAGE

- At time of receipt, verify that the product delivered is in fact the product ordered the product name, subname, and serial number of each laminate are clearly marked on the outside of each packing box.
- Leave the product in its original packing box until you are ready to install.
- Store packing boxes in a clean, dry area with relative humidity below 85% and ambient temperatures between -20 ° C and 40 ° C.
- Do NOT stack more than the maximum amount of allowable pallets on top of each other.
- At the installation site, take care to keep modules and particular their electrical contacts clean and dry before installation. If connector cables are left in damp conditions then the contacts may corrode. Any module with corroded contacts should not be used.
- If pallets are stored temporarily outside then place a protective covering over the pallet to protect it from direct weathering and do not stack more than one pallet high.
- Two people are required to unpack the modules from the packing box, when handling modules always use both hands.
- Do NOT use a knife to cut the zip-ties, but use wire cutting pliers.
- Do NOT place modules directly on top of each other.

	P	PACKING LIST					
	MODEL		32	0M-6	ioD		
Product name	N.W: 540KG	COLOR: White/White		te			
	G.W: 585KG		QTY: 30 PCS	5			
	SIZE: 1660'992'36	NTI .	CELL:				
	PALLET NO:	11				Solar Module	
	1 101100.000	n	THE OWNER AND A	21		Solar Mouule	4
Pallet Number		12		22	HAT HERE AND		ΠĒ
	3 1111 11 1011	13	NAME OF TAXABLE	23			
	· •	14	朝祖康義王	24			- and the second second
	5	15		25	HARD ME HARD		and the second se
	6	16		26			
1	7 101100	17	NAMES OF TAXABLE PARTY.	27			
Serial number		18		28			
	9	19		29			
	10	20	100000000	30			



3.1.PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Each individual module has a unique serial number laminated behind the glass and another

permanently attached to the back-sheet of the module. Note all serial numbers in an installation for

your future records.

3.2. ELECTRICAL RATING

Module	SUN182MHC 415-54	SUN182MHC 450-60	SUN182MHC 550-72	SUN210MHC 660-66	SUN182THC 430-54
open-circuit voltage(tolerance ±3%) [V]:	37.42	41.25	49.83	45.7	38.3
short-circuit current (tolerance±3%) [A]:	13.82	13.62	13.8	18.53	14.37
voltage at max. power [V]:	31.35	34.21	41.33	37.8	31.76
current at max. power [A]:	13.24	13.16	13.31	17.47	13.54
max. power (with tolerance±3%) [W]:	415	450	550	660	430
Maximum System Voltage	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500
Maximum Over- Current Protection Rating [A]	25	25	25	30	25
Min. creepage distance [mm]	13.25	13.75	13.25	13.3	13.25
Safety Class:	Class II				



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Module	SUN182THC 435-54	SUN182THC 480-60	SUN182THC 580-72	SUN182THC 585-72	SUN182MHCD 415-54	
open-circuit voltage(tolerance ±3%) [V]:	38.45	42.83	51.67	51.76	37.42	
short-circuit current (tolerance±3%) [A]:	14.42	14.37	14.37	14.41	13.82	
voltage at max. power [V]:	31.94	35.42	42.69	42.75	31.35	
current at max. power [A]:	13.62	13.55	13.59	13.68	13.24	
max. power (with tolerance±3%) [W]:	435	480	580	585	415	
Maximum System Voltage	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	
Maximum Over- Current Protection Rating [A]	25	25	25	25	30	
Min. creepage distance [mm]	13.25	13.25	13.25	13.25	13.25	
Safety Class:	Class II					



Module	SUN182MHC D455-60	SUN182MHC D460-60	SUN182MHC D550-72	SUN182MHC D555-72	SUN210MHC D660-66
open-circuit voltage(toleranc e±3%) [V]:	41.4	41.55	49.83	50.08	45.89
short-circuit current (tolerance±3%) [A]:	13.72	13.8	13.8	13.81	18.28
voltage at max. power [V]:	34.36	34.54	41.33	41.48	38.23
current at max. power [A]:	13.25	13.32	13.31	13.39	17.27
max. power (with tolerance±3%) [W]:	455	460	550	555	660
Maximum System Voltage	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500
Maximum Over- Current Protection Rating [A]	30	30	30	30	35
Min. creepage distance [mm]	13.25	13.25	13.25	13.25	13.5
Safety Class:	Class II				



Module	SUN182THC D430-54	SUN182THC D435-54	SUN182THC D475-60	SUN182THC D480-60	SUN182THC D580-72
open-circuit voltage(toleranc e±3%) [V]:	38.51	38.63	42.68	42.83	51.67
short-circuit current (tolerance±3%) [A]:	14.23	14.28	14.29	14.37	14.37
voltage at max. power [V]:	31.86	31.98	35.27	35.42	42.69
current at max. power [A]:	13.5	13.6	13.47	13.55	13.59
max. power (with tolerance±3%) [W]:	430	435	475	480	580
Maximum System Voltage	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500
Maximum Over- Current Protection Rating [A]	25	25	25	25	25
Min. creepage distance [mm]	13.25	13.25	13.25	13.25	13.25
Safety Class:	Class II				



4.ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

4.1.CLIMATE CONDITIONS

Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic Crystalline series modules may be installed in the following conditions for more than 25 years. In addition to the required IEC certification to meet European standards

Environment

• Ambient temperature: -40°C to +40°C.

• Operating temperature: -40°C to +70°C.

• Storage temperature: -20°C to +50°C.

• Humidity: < 85RH%

• Mechanical Load Pressure*: The design pressure is 3600 (front)/1600 (back) and the safety factor is 1.5

*Notes:

- The mechanical load bearing is dependent upon the mounting methods used and failure to follow the instructions of this manual may result in different capabilities to withstand snow and wind loads. The system installer must ensure that the installation methods used meet these requirements and any local codes and regulations.

5.SITE SELECTION

- Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic Modules can be mounted in landscape and portrait orientation however the impact of dirt shading the solar cells can be minimized by orienting the product in portrait.
- For optimum energy production, solar modules should normally be mounted facing the equator



at an angle to the horizontal plane equivalent to the latitude of the installation. In the event that you mount the solar modules at a different angle or orientation then the annual energy production may potentially be adversely impacted.

- When installing solar modules on a roof always leave a safe working area between the edge of the roof and the external edge of the solar array.
- Position the modules to minimize the chances of shading at any time of the day. Shading can
 normally be minimized by ensuring that the distance between the obstruction and solar array is
 greater than three times the obstruction's height.
- In order not to affect the fire rating, installation angle must be less than 5 in/ft.

which is the most severe condition. And there is no limited for title angel . When installing Solar modules on a roof, the roof must be covered with a layer of fireproof material applicable to this class, and adequate ventilation must be ensured between the back of the module and the installation surface. A safe working area also must be left between the edge of the roof and the external edge of the Solar array.

When the Modules are supported parallel to the surface of the building wall or roof, a minimum stand-off of 102 mm (4 inches) between the modules and the surface of the wall or the roof is required to allow air to circulate behind the Modules for heat dissipation.

- Avoid using a mounting method that will block the drainage holes in the module frame.
- When all solar modules are mounted in the same plane and orientation then all can be expected to have similar performance throughout the day and can be connected together to the same inverter channel.
- If solar modules on the same installation are mounted at different angles or orientations then energy production can normally be optimized by connecting the different orientations to different inverters (or different MPPT if the inverter has more than one MPPT). Refer to inverter manufacturers for further guidelines.
- Do not install modules in a location where they will be immersed in or continually exposed to water.
- **O Sunrev**(YangZhou) Photovoltaic Modules application altitude: <2000m.

6.MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS



6.1. MOUNTING METHODS

PV modules can be mounted to the substructure using specially designed module clamps.

Regardless of the fixing method the final installation of the modules must ensure that:

A clearance of at least 115mm is provided between modules frame and the surface of the wall or roof.

The minimum distance between two modules is 10 mm.

The mounting method does not block the module drainage holes.

Panels are not subjected to wind or snow loads exceeding the maximum permissible loads, and are not subject to excessive forces due to the thermal expansion of the support structures.

A. Mounting with Clamps:

- Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic has tested its modules with a number of clamps from different manufacturers and recommends the use of clamps which have an EPDM or similar insulating washer, fixing bolt of at least M6. The clamp must overlap the module frame by at least 7mm but no more than 10 mm.
- Use at minimum 4 clamps to fix modules on the mounting rails.
- Modules clamps should not come into contact with the front glass and must not deform the frame.
- Be sure to avoid shadowing effects from the module clamps.
- The module frame is not to be modified under any circumstances.
- When choosing this type of clamp-mounting method, use at least four clamps on each module, two clamps should be attached on each long sides of the module (for portrait orientation) and each short sides of the module (for landscape orientation). Depending on local wind and snow

loads, additional clamps may be required to ensure that modules can bear the load.

 Applied torque should refer to mechanical design standard according to the bolt customer is using, ex:M6 is 8N*M;M8 is 16N*M.

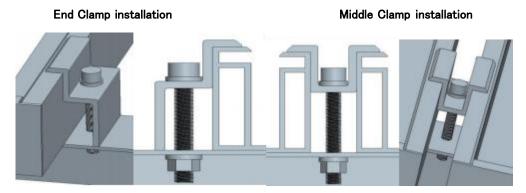


Figure 2. Module installed with clamp fitting method



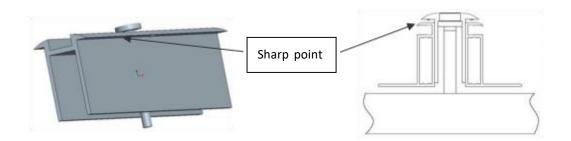
Other mounting configurations can be used however, failure to comply with the above recommendations will result in a lowering of the load handling (snow/wind load) capabilities below the product specification 5400/2400Pa and product failure as a result of an overload situation will not be covered by the guarantee.

6.2. GROUNDING

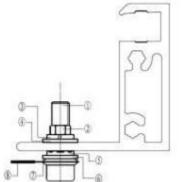
- All module frames and mounting racks must be properly grounded in accordance with appropriate respective National Electrical Code.
- Proper grounding is achieved by bonding the module frame(s) and all metallic structural members together continuously using a suitable grounding conductor. The grounding conductor or strap may be copper, copper alloy, or any other material acceptable for use as an electrical conductor per respective National Electrical Codes. The grounding conductor must then make a connection to earth using a suitable earth ground electrode.
- Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic modules can be installed with the use of third party listed grounding devices for grounding the metallic frames of PV modules. The devices have to be installed in accordance with the grounding device manufacturer's specified instructions.
- Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic recommends using the following grounding ways:

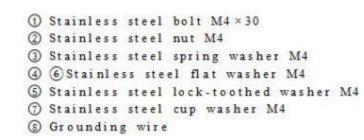
a) Using Schleter for grounding. Connecting modules to the support structure according to the picture below. (Grounding accessories need pass the UL467 standard test.)





- Recommended torque is 20.5Nm
- For more information, please contact the supplier Schletter (http: //www.solar.schletter.de)
- b) The traditional way of grounding (Grounding accessories need pass the UL467 standard test and
- UL E34440/E6207 test.)





- For fully grounding, grounding hardware should penetrate the anodic oxidation layer of frame.
- Recommended 10-12 AWG bare copper grounding wire.

6.3. MODULE WIRING

- All wiring should be performed, by qualified installers, in accordance with the local codes and regulations.
- Modules can be connected in series to increase the operating voltage by plugging the positive plug of one module into the negative socket of the next. Before connecting modules always ensure that the contacts are corrosion free, clean and dry.
- Product can be irreparably damaged if an array string is connected in reverse polarity to another.

Always verify the voltage and polarity of each individual string before making a parallel

- connection. If you measure a reversed polarity or a difference of more than 10V between strings then check the string configuration before making the connection.
- Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic modules are provided with stranded copper cables with a cross



sectional area of 4mm² which are rated for 1500V dc, 90°C and are UV resistant. All other cables used to connect the DC system should have a similar (or better) specification.Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic recommend that all cables are run in appropriate conduits and sited away from areas prone to water collection.

• The maximum voltage of the system must be less than the maximum certified voltage (1500V typically) and the maximum input voltage of the inverter and of the other electrical devices installed in the system. To ensure that this is the case, the open circuit voltage of the array string needs to be calculated at the lowest expected ambient temperature for the location. This can be done using the following formula.

System voltage = $N \times Voc \times \{1 + TCvoc \times (25 - Tmin)\}$

*Notes:

N: No modules in series

Voc: Open circuit voltage of each module (refer to product label or data sheet)

TCvoc: Thermal coefficient of open circuit voltage for the module (refer to table (add)) Tmin: Minimum ambient temperature

- The minimum and maximum outer diameters of the cable are 5 to 7mm2.
- For field connections, use at least 4 mm2 copper wires insulated for a minimum of 90°C and sunlight resistance with insulation designated as PV Wire.
- The minimum bending radius cables should be 43mm.



7.ELECTRICAL CONFIGURATION

Photovoltaic (electric) systems operate automatically and require very little day-to-day supervision. The solar array generates DC electricity whenever light falls on it similarly the inverter automatically turns ON as soon as there is sufficient energy from the solar array to efficiently convert this into grid quality AC power.

*Caution:

• The module is rated to operate at potentially lethal DC voltages which have the potential can cause severe electrical shock, arcing and fire hazards. Whilst some solar modules, manufactured by Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic, are certified to operate up to 1500V always check the module label to confirm the actual rating of your product before making connections.

Always use a suitably rated isolator (DC switch) to interrupt the current flow before disconnecting the connectors. The connector should be mated with its original female or male connector of the same



supplier.

Zhejiang Zhonghuan Sunter PV Technology Co., Ltd. Type: PV-ZH202B, DC 1500 V, 30 A, IP 68(1.2m, 1h), -40 °C to 70 °C

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7.1.FUSING

When fuses are fitted they should be rated for the maximum DC voltage and connected in each, non-grounded pole of the array (i.e. if the system is not grounded then fuses should be connected in both the positive and negative poles).

The maximum rating of a fuse connected in series with an array string is typically 20A /25A/30A/35A, but the actual module specific rating can be found on the product label and in the product datasheet. This fuse rating value also corresponds to the maximum reverse current that a module can withstand (when one string is shaded then the other parallel strings of modules will be loaded by the shaded string and current will flow) and therefore impacts the number of strings in parallel. Parallel module configurations: fuse rating/lsc.

7.2. INVERTER SELETION AND COMPATIBILITY

When installed in systems governed by IEC regulations, Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic modules normally do not need to be electronically connected to earth and therefore can be operated together with either galvanically isolated (with transformer) and transformer less inverters.

7.3. BLOCKING DIODE

In a system that uses a battery, blocking diodes are typically placed between the battery and the module output to prevent battery discharge at night and rainy weather. Diodes that are used as blocking diodes must have a:



a) Rated Average Forward Current [IF(AV)] above the maximum system current at the highest module operating temperature.

b) Rated Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage [VRRM] above the maximum system voltage [Vmax] at the lowest module operating temperature(IEC:Vmax=1500V;).

7.4. BYPASS DIODE

Partial shading of an individual module can cause a reverse voltage across the shaded module. Current is then forced go through the shaded area by the other modules. When a bypass diode is wired in parallel with the series string, the forced current will flow through the diode and bypass the shaded module, thereby minimizing module heating and array current losses. Type: ZERUN 40SQ045(30A), Schottky, Type: ZERUN 35SQ045 (25A), Type: Z8-abcd, used in junction box type DC1500V(d=O), 25A(c=P),30A(c=N), -40 to 70°C, IP68(1m, 1h)

8.MAINTENANCE AND CARE

A well designed solar system requires minimal maintenance; however, system performance and reliability can be improved by taking some simple steps.

- Maintenance should be carried out at least once a year by trained personnel.
- Trim any vegetation which may shade the solar array thus impacting performance.
- Check that mounting hardware is properly tightened.
- Inspect all cables to verify that connections are tight; the cables are protected from direct sunlight and sited away from areas of water collection.
- Check that all string fuses in each non/earthed pole are operating.
- In the event that the solar modules need to be cleaned then clean the module use a soft cloth together with a mild detergent and clean water. Take care to avoid severe thermal shocks which might damage the module by cleaning modules with water which has a similar temperature to the modules being cleaned.
- On large systems, the benefit of cleaning dirt and debris from the array is a trade-off between the cost of the cleaning, increased energy production as a result of this cleaning, and the time for the re-soiling of the modules after cleaning.
- If you are unsure whether the array or section thereof needs to be cleaned then first select an array string that is particularly soiled then

Measure & record the inverter feed in current from that stringClean all modules in the string

> Measure the inverter feed in current again and calculate the % improvement from cleaning

> If the improvement is less than 5% then it is normally nor worth spending the expense on cleaning



- The above verification should only be carried out when the insolation is effectively constant (clear sky, strong sunshine, no clouds)
- The back surface of the module normally does not need to be cleaned but, in the event this is deemed necessary, avoid the use of any sharp projects that might damage the penetrating the substrate material.

9.WARNING

These solar modules do not contain any user serviceable parts,

If you suspect that your installation is not working properly, then contact your installer immediately.

- 1 、 Contact your installer
- 2、 Contact Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic after sales service team at:www.sunrev.com.cn

WARNING: For any electrical maintenance, the PV system must first be shut down. Improper maintenance can cause lethal electric shock and/or burns.

10.Contact information

Sunrev(YangZhou) Photovoltaic Technology Co., Ltd Tel: +86-0514-80351508

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